Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2236.] PHILADELPHIA, FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 22, 1799. [VOLUME XVI.

The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

JOHN MILLER, Junr.
No. 80 Dock, near Third street,
HAS FOR SALE,
Coffaes,
Mamoodies,
Taffaties,
Striped Doreas,
Tangibs,
Patna and
Santipoor Handkerchiefs.
The foregoing will be sold very low in order to close sales.
ALSO,
A FEW PACKAGES OF
German Goods,
Suitable to the West India Market;
Received by the Fair American from Hamburgh.
October 25.

REMOVAL.

JOSEPH E. G. M. DE LA GRANGE.
Sworn Interpreter of Foreign Languages,
HAS REMOVED
To No. 91 South Fifth Street,
(the third door above Spruce street)
WHERE all translations from and into the French, English, Spanish, Portuguese and Italian Languages, are executed with accuracy and dispatch.
N. B. Letters of Attorney and other kinds of instruments drawn up in the French or Spanish form.
☞ The French Library open as usual.
November 1. 2awim

THE REV. ROBERT ANDREWS
Has opened a SCHOOL
No. 110, Walnut Street,
IN WHICH
YOUNG GENTLEMEN will be instructed by him in the different branches of Classical and Polite Literature, viz. the English, Latin and Greek Languages, History, Antiquities, Geography, the Use of the Globes, Arithmetic, and the Practical Branches of the Mathematics.
☞ Unquestionable testimonials can be given of Mr. A.'s experience and qualifications as a Teacher.
November 7. w&stf

FOR WILMINGTON, (N. C.)

THE BRIG
LITTLE MARIA,
JOHN THOMPSON, *Master.*
SHE will sail the 22 inst.—For freight or passage apply at No. 100 South Water Street, to
MOORE WHARTON.

WHO HAS FOR SALE,
Imported in the Abigail from Cape Francois,
COFFEE,
In hogsheads and bags, and a few tons of
LOGWOOD,
november 16 d6t

The Subscribers
Have for sale at their Store, No. 5, Chesnut street, the following articles, viz.
Russia Hemp and Duck,
First quality,
Boston do. no 1 and 2,
A small invoice of well assorted cordage,
First and fourth proof Brandy, in pipes.
Madeira Wine in pipes and half pipes.
Claret in cases,
New England Rum in hhds.
Winter strained, Spermaceti Oil and Candles, and a few quarter chests of
Hyson Tea,
of a superior quality, latest importation.
JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
november 16 3awim

For FREIGHT *to* HAMBURGH,

The fast sailing Danish ship
LITTLE MARTHA,
In complete order, and ready to receive a cargo. For further particulars, enquire of
JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
Oct. 9th, 1799. 3tawtf

TO BE SOLD BY
JESSE & ROBERT WALN.
Old Port Wine, in pipes, hhds. and qr. casks,
Also Landing at their Wharf
From on board the ship Edward from Lisbon.
Lisbon Wine, in pipes and qr. casks.
june 25 §

The following Certificates
OF THE
STOCK of the BANK of the United States
In the names of Nicolaas Van Staphorst and Nicholas Hubbard of Amsterdam, to wit,
No. 29,160 for 5 shares, 29,161 for 2 shares, 29,162 for 2 shares, 29,163 for 1 share, 29,115 for 4 shares, and 29,116 for 5 shares; and the following certificates of the debt of the United States, on the books of the Treasury, to wit, No. 12,823, dated February 22, 1799, for 4000 dollars three per cents, in name of Nicolaas Van Staphorst of Amsterdam, No. 12,824 same date, for 4000 dollars three per cents, in name of Jacob Van Staphorst of Amsterdam, No. 16,348 dated 19th February 1799, for 783 dollars 33 cents of six per cents, and No. 12,818 same date, for 633 dollars 33 cents of three per cents, in the name of Nicholas Hubbard of Amsterdam, and No. 12,817 dated 19th February 1799, for 3300 dollars three per cents, in the name of Jan Hendrick Kingsbergen, knight of the Russian military order of St. George, were sent by the British packet Chesterfield, Captain Jones, which vessel was captured, and the said certificates lost, therefore application is made for the renewal of the same, of which all persons concerned are desired to take notice.
CLEMENT BIDDLE.
October 22, 1799. d3m

THE PARTNERSHIP
Under the Firm of POTTER, PAGE *and* PRICE, *of the city of Philadelphia,*
MERCHANTS,
IS this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said house are desired to make payment to William Page, who is duly authorised to receive the same, and to apply to him for all demands against the said house.
WILLIAM PAGE, Attorney for Samuel Potter.
WILLIAM PAGE,
THOMAS PRICE.
Philadelphia, October 17.

THE Business of the above late firm, will be carried on by the subscribers, under the firm of SAMUEL POTTER and WILLIAM PAGE, who inform their friends and the public, they have
FOR SALE
A large Assortment of DRY GOODS,
calculated for the present season, a great part of which are just arrived in the ship Swanwick, from Liverpool, and the brig Mercury, from London. They will have by other arrivals, daily expected, an additional supply, all of which they will sell on very low terms, for cash or short credit.
SAMUEL POTTER,
WILLIAM PAGE.
d1m

JUST RECEIVED,
From the BOSTON Manufactory,
A QUANTITY OF
WINDOW GLASS,
Of different sizes,
FOR SALE
BY ISAAC HARVEY, Jun.
N. B. Any size or sizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from said manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpose—Apply at No. 9, South Water-street, as above.
july 8 dtf

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of *Mr. Buckridge Sims*, deceased, are requested to call upon the Subscribers, and those who may have any demands against the said Estate, will be pleased to apply for payment to
JOSEPH SIMS,
Acting Executor.
November 7 2w.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of *Thomas M. Masters*, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment. All persons having demands against said Estate, are desired to furnish their accounts legally attested, to
JOSEPH CLARK, Administrator,
No. 8 South Water Street.
Philadelphia, November 7. d2w

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons to whom the Estate of *William Wood*, distiller, deceased, is indebted, are requested to send their accounts properly attested, to the subscriber, before the first day of January next, or they will be excluded the benefit of a final dividend, which will then be made.
JOSEPH CLARK, Executor,
No. 8 South Water Street.
Philadelphia, November 7. d2w

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons to whom the estate of the late William Beauchamp, deceased, is indebted, are requested to send their accounts properly attested, to the subscriber, before the first day of January next, or they will be excluded the benefit of a final dividend, which will there be made and immediately paid.
SAMUEL PRICE, Executor,
No. 71, South Front-street.
November 1st, 1799. d1J

NOTICE

TO the owners of unseated lands in the county of Huntingdon, to come forward and pay the taxes assessed and due thereon, within three months from this date, there being one or more years taxes due on the unseated lands in the said county of Huntingdon.
WILLIAM STEEL,
HUGH MORRISON,
JOHN STEEL,
} Commissioners.
Huntingdon, Commissioners Office, Sept. 25, 1799.
October 4. d3m.

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT application is made to the Bank of the United States, for the renewal of the following certificates of Bank stock, which were lost in the brig Paggy, Captain Fluyer, on her passage from America to London.
No. 2959, 2962, 2967 } For Eight Shares of Bank Stock in favour of Samuel Ethridge.
WILLINGS & FRANCIS.
October 25, d3m.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of JACOB THOMAS, of Washington in the State of Kentucky, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment—All persons having demands against said estate are desired to furnish their accounts legally attested to
JACOB REESE,
Administrator.
Philadelphia, October 31, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of THOMAS WILSON, late of Southwark, deceased, are are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers, and those who have any demands against the said estate are requested to furnish their accounts for settlement.
SARAH WILSON, *Administratrix.*
JOEL W. WILSON, *Administrator.*
No. 295, south Front-street, Southwark.
Nov. 1, 1799. dtf.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP
OF
THOMAS AND JOHN KETLAND
Being Dissolved,
By the death of Mr. JOHN KETLAND,
ALL persons who have demands against said Firm are requested to bring in their accounts for payment, and those indebted to the same are solicited to make payment to
THOMAS KETLAND.
October 21.

Just Imported,
135 Hogsheads, 191 barrels, } Prime SUGAR.
50 do. Green Coffee,
25 Boxes brown, 25 do. white, } Havannah SUGAR.
12 hhds. James' River Tobacco,
30 Packages well assorted German Linens
Ruffia Cordage, assorted,
400 Pipes Barcelona Brandy, 4th proof,
Hazlenuts in sacks,
Brown Stout Porter, draught and bottled,
40 Casks Shot, No. 1 to 6,
Lead in Pigs,
8 hhds. ground Lead, assorted,
4 Casks Glauber Salts, Cream Tartar, &c.
Black quart wine bottles in crates, 1 groce each,
Queens ware in Crates,
Cannon, 4, 6, and 9 pounds calibre, with shot, round, grape and canniſter,
Swivels,
Corks in bales, 1st quality,
ditto in sheets,
Claret in cases, superior quality.
Port Wine, ditto.
Horsemen's Swords, Hangers, &c.
Fowling pieces and pistols in cases,
Ship Muskets and Blunderbusses, in do.
Bath stove Grates, for chambers, &c, &c.
FOR SALE BY
THOMAS KETLAND,
Walnut Street wharf:
Nov. 1 dtf

FOR SALE,
BY JOSEPH SIMS,
No. 155 South Water Street,
Hyson Gomee, Hyson Skin and Young Hyson } Teas, in qr. chests,
Souchong and Peco Souchong Tea, in qr. chests and boxes,
Bohea Tea, in whole, half and qr. chests,
Silk Umbrellas, plain and fringed,
Hair Ribbon,
Window Blinds,
White and brown Havanna Sugars in boxes,
Old Coniac Brandy, 1st, 3d, and 4th proof, in pipes,
And a quantity of Cordage assorted.
Nov. 6, 1799. d2w.

ALL PERSONS
INDEBTED to the Estate of JOHN WHARTON, late of the City of Philadelphia, Merchant, deceased, are requested to pay the same, and those having demands against his Estate, to produce their accounts legally attested to
KEARNY WHARTON,
Acting Executor, No. 111, Spruce street.
November 11. dtf.

UNSEATED LANDS.

THE owners of Unseated Lands in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, are hereby notified, that unless the Taxes due on said Lands for the Years 1795, 1796, 1797, and 1798 are paid into the hands of JOHN WILKINS, Esquire, County Treasurer, on or before the 20th day of February next, they will be advertised for sale as the law directs.
Ebenezer Denny, William Dunning, James Robinson, } *Commissioners.*
Pittsburgh, November 5, 1799. 3m.

Notice is hereby given,
TO all persons having claims against the Estate of WILLIAM SLUBEY, late of *Kent* county in the State of Maryland, deceased, to appear, either in person or by attorney, on the eighth day of April next, at the house of the subscriber in Chester town, Maryland, between the hours of nine and twelve o'clock, A.M. with their claims against the deceased, properly authenticated; at which time the assets then in hand will be divided among, and paid to the several creditors of the deceased, in such proportion and manner as the law directs.
WILLIAM JONES,
Executor of William Slubey, deceased.
Chester town, Maryland,
October 28. 2aw4w¶

TO BE SOLD FOR CASH,
OR EXCHANGED,
For property in the City, or within thirty miles of it,
A PLANTATION or tract of Land in Mifflin County and State of Pennsylvania, within six miles of the river Juniata, containing about 300 acres. There are about fifty acres cleared, part of which is a rich bottom, watered by a constant stream that is strong enough to work an oil or a grist mill. Any person inclining to deal for it, may obtain further information by applying at the office of this gazette.
N. B. If sold, credit will be given for part of the money.
October 17, 1799. dtf.

TO BE SOLD,
TWO new frame two Story Houses pleasantly situated near the Jolly Post-Tavern, upper end of the Village of Frankford. There are in each house, besides a kitchen, two rooms on the first floor; three on the second, with roomy garrats, all well finished; there are also to each, a good garden lot, stable and coach house. Part goods will be taken in payment. Any persons wishing to become purchasers are requested to view the premises, and for terms apply to
JOHN McCLELLEN.
Frankford, July 13 eotf

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH
HAVE FOR SALE,
At their Stores on Walnut Street Wharf,
Patent Sheathing Copper, 24 ounces to the square foot,
Composition Spikes of various lengths,
Still Copper, and raised Copper Bottoms,
Ten 4lb. Guns with Carriages,
Forty 6lb. Guns, 6cwt. each,
Twelve 9lb. Guns, 12cwt. each,
Sixteen 9lb. Guns with Carriages,
Gunpowder,
150 crates Queen's Ware, assorted,
A quantity of Sheathing Paper,
English Sail Canvass, No. 1 to 8,
20 trunks of printed Callicoes,
1 bale low priced Woolen Cloths,
87 puncheons St. Kitt's and Antigua Rum,
220 pipes 4th proof Brandy, uncolored and well flavoured,
27 pipes, 34 hogsheads and 32 qr. casks of strong bodied red Wine, suited to the West Indies,
15 butts 60 qr. casks old Sherry,
290 kegs Raisins,
150 boxes ditto,
94 jars ditto,
Cassia in Bales,
Old Madeira Wine, fit for immediate use,
And a quantity of black quart Bottles.
Philadelphia, October 12. t&ftf

THE partnership between Thomas Neill and William Smith, trading under firm of NEILL & SMITH, was dissolved on the 8th day of December last; the business has been carried on since that time, and will be continued by Lewis Neill and William Smith, under the firm of
NEILL & SMITH,
No. 159, Market-street.
Who have just received per ships Pacific, from Hull, and America, from Liverpool, a general assortment of
DRY GOODS,
which they are now opening for sale on reasonable terms.
November 4. d2w

FOR SALE,
SEVERAL VALUABLE
BUILDING LOTS,
Near the corner of Arch and Ninth streets.
ALSO,
To be Sold or Let,
A number of excellent Pasture Lots,
On the Wissahickon road, about half a mile from the city.
*** Enquire at No. 39 North Sixth street.
November 15. d6t1awtf

THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES,
Of the debt of the United States, in the name of James Donatian Le Ray, to wit—
No. 11020—5437 dolls. 65 cents, 11019—5000 dolls., 11018—5000 dolls. } of deferred debt.
16341—3733 dolls. 33 cents. of 6 pr. ct debt
12814—7052 dolls. 71 cents, 12813—8000 dolls. } of 3 per cent. debt
All bearing date the 15th February, 1799, were forwarded by the Chesterfield packet for Falmouth, which has been captured, and the certificates lost—Application is made for the renewal thereof at the Treasury; of which all concerned are to take notice.
CLEMENT BIDDLE.
october 17 d6w

TO BE SOLD,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
NINE undivided tenth parts of a tract of LAND, in the State of Georgia; either together or in such parts as may suit the purchaser. The whole tract is bounded as follows, viz. beginning on the Mississippi river, where the latitude of thirty-two degrees, forty-nine minutes, forty seconds north of the Equator intersects the same river; thence running along the same parallel of latitude a due east course to the Tom Bigby river; thence up the middle of the said Tom Bigby river to the place where the latitude thirty-two degrees, fifty-nine minutes, twenty seconds north of the equator intersects the same; thence a due west course on the same parallel of latitude to the Mississippi river; thence down the middle of the said Mississippi river to the place of beginning; together with all the privileges, immunities and appurtenances thereof, including all islands within the said bounds, and containing at least One Million acres, probably more. The premises if not before disposed of by private sale, will be sold by Public Vendue, on Thursday the twenty-first day of November next, at eleven o'clock, A. M. at Concert-Hall, kept by *Mr.* JAMES VILA in Boston. For further particulars and terms, apply to either of the subscribers
CHARLES CUSHING,
Boston, Oct. 2, 1799. GEORGE LANE,
1wtf, *M. M.* HAYS,

LODGINGS WANTED,
For a single Gentleman and his Servant,
In a genteel private family,
Where he can have the use of a parlour, breakfast for himself, and board for his servant.—Apply to the printer.
Nov. 11. d3w

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY on the 6th instant, from the subscriber, living at Spring Grove Forge, Lancaster county, State of Pennsylvania, an indented Mulattoe, named Jacob Ray, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, strong made, can work in a forge and drive a team, he is fond of spirituous liquors and given to pilfering, he is also very talkative when drunk, and at all times a noted liar; he came from Sussex county, New Jersey, between three and four years ago, he was bound by his own and mother's consent to Jonathan Willis, Esq. of Newtown in Sussex aforesaid, and by him assigned over to Cadwallader Evans, of Andover ironworks; his clothes are not known.
☞ Whoever secures said runaway, so that his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, and if brought home, all reasonable charges paid,
By CYRUS JACOBS.
Spring Grove Forge,
October 18. t&sf4w

Mrs. GROOMBRIDGE
RESPECTFULLY informs her numerous friends, acquaintance and the public, she has agreeable to the request of many persons, concluded to reside in town during each winter, and has taken a large convenient house in Walnut street, No. 106, between Fourth and Fifth streets, where she proposes removing her School the 1st of November.
English and French grammatically taught, Writing, Geography, the Use of the Globes, Arithmetic, History, Dancing, with all kinds of useful and ornamental Work; Drawing in various branches, History, Landscape, Flowers, &c. Due attention to Vocal as well as Instrumental Music, with requisite Masters of repute and ability.
Columbia House
Boarding and Day School,
October 19, 1799.

† The Friends and Guardians of the Ladies under Mrs. Groombridge's care are particularly assured, that an eligible situation in the country will be engaged for each ensuing Summer, though no epidemic may affect the city.
d3w&wstm

THE SUBSCRIBERS
Have for sale at their Counting House, Dock street,
1st & 4th proof Brandy,
Patent Shot, assorted,
London White Lead,
Claret, in cases of a superior quality,
Claret, in casks.
THO. MURGATROYD & SONS.
October 29. mwf3w

THE STAMP OFFICE
AND
OFFICE OF INSPECTION
Is removed to the City, to its former situation, No. 49 North Third street.
THE Subscriber requests those who have omitted entering their Carriages, as also those who have not renewed their licenses for retailing of Wine and Spirits, to call at said office, and avoid the enforcing of the law.
JAMES ASH,
Collector of the Revenue.
Office of Inspection,
Philadelphia, October 26, 1799. etim

A STORE,
TO BE RENTED, IN TAYLOR'S ALLEY,
Between Front and Second streets,
Apply to
Luke & Isaac W. Morris,
Nov. 1. ¶co2w.

Fashionable Millinery.
ELIZA M'DOUGALL,
NO. 134, MARKET-STREET,
HAS just received per ship Thomas Chalkley and Adriana, from London, an elegant assortment of the most fashionable MILLINERY, viz.
Chemille rosette FEATHERS
Fancy flowers
Black tiffany flowers
Wreaths
Pink, yellow and blue crape, full dress caps
Do. do. and do. Nelson's bonnets
Infant's pipe straw bonnets
Maid's fancy do. do.
Woman's do. do. do.
Do. do. shades
Do. do hats
Fancy bugle shoe roses
Do. do. trimmings
Black, white, blue, yellow, pink and orange crape
Black, white and green gauze veils
Do. gauze cloaks
N. B. And per Harmony, just arrived, a further assortment of Millinery.
June 26 eotf.

ROBERT KID'S
COPPER WAREHOUSE,
NO. 201, MARKET-STREET,
Late ALEXANDER BILSLAND & Co.
HAS JUST RECEIVED
31 Tons Patent Improved sheathing
Copper & Nails, *viz.*
20, 22, 24, 26, & 28 oz. per foot,
1 & 1 1/8 inch Polished & unpolished Sheathing Nails,
80 boxes of Tin.
LIKEWISE ON HAND,
A Large assortment of Raised and Copper bottoms and sheets for Copper-Smiths,
Lead & Block Tin,
And a General assortment of Ironmongery for sale as above.
August 15. w&ftf.

One Thousand Five Hundred
DOLLARS
WAS delivered to the POSTMASTER here, in the POST-OFFICE, on the evening of Tuesday the 27th ult. in a LETTER directed to Mr. *John Mills*, Merchant, BALTIMORE, containing two *ALEXANDRIA BANK NOTES*, No. 4320, in favour of *William Taylor*, and dated 30th *April*, 1798, for ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and No. 4522, in favour of *John P. Pleasants*, and dated the 10th of *December*, 1798, for FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, which letter has been SUPPRESSED in a POST-OFFICE, and the BANK NOTES taken out——as the PUBLIC MAIL was not STOPPED, MOLESTED, or ROBBED.
Bankers and merchants are particularly requested to watch the circulation of said notes, and stop them; and any person giving such information as will lead us to our money, shall have FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS reward.
WILSON & SWANN.
Fredericksburg, (Virg.) Sept. 10.
☞ All Printers in the United States, are requested to publish the above, and we will pay them.

Foreign Intelligence.

PARIS, September 6.

The Council of Five Hundred had sent a meſſage to the Directory, demanding an account of the execution of the laws enacted againſt the authors and publiſhers of writings tending to excite the re-eſtabliſhment of royalty, and the overthrow of the conſtitutional Government. The Directory ſent a meſſage to the Council in conſequence—of which the following is the ſubſtance.

"A vaſt and atrocious conſpiracy exiſts againſt the republic, and threatens all true republicans. The proofs are the bodies of the republicans aſſaſſinated in the ſouth and elſewhere; the inſurrections which are breaking out on all ſides; the execrable journals and libels with which the republic is inundated.

"To extricate France from the preſent criſis, a union is requiſite between the citizens, the adminiſtrations, and the two firſt powers. But the periodical prints ſow diviſion among the citizens, excite hatred between the legiſlative body and the Directory and create miſtruſt againſt them by the moſt injurious aſperſions of the members. Some prevent the departure of the conſcripts, and excite the return of royalty; others, proclaiming themſelves the excluſive defenders of the conſtitution, attempt to overthrow the powers which preſerve it.—Some, like the *Quotidienne*, heap injuries and outrages on the members of the National Repreſentation, and the Directory; others, *(le Journal des Hommes Libres)* denounce the old ſoldiers of liberty. In their eyes, no functionary is a republican, no citizen is a patriot: the general, who has juſt rallied the army of Italy, is a traitor. If we are to believe them, the Legiſlator is unenlightened, the Directory void of courage, the country without children; the public ſafety depends on a regeneration in their way.—They regret the times which preceded the conſtitution. The friends of Kings are in the double band of theſe journals. It is particularly in the remote departments where it is difficult for truth to penetrate that they do infinite injury: the preſent laws are too weak to ſtop the ravages of ſuch a torrent. Under theſe circumſtances, the Directory has conſidered what reſolutions were called for by the country and permitted by the laws; it has found them in the 145th article of the conſtitution, couched in theſe terms: "If the Directory be informed that a conſpiracy is plotting againſt the external and internal ſafety of the republic, it may iſſue orders to arreſt ſuch perſons as are preſumed to be the authors and accomplices."

"Convinced of the reality of the conſpiracy, the Directory has iſſued orders to arreſt the authors of the following journals: Bulletin des Armes Coaliſees, la Pariſienne, la Quotidienne, le Courier de Paris, le Democrate, le Mirroir, la Feuille du Jur, le Neceſſaire, les Hommes Libres, le Grondeur, le Defenſeur de la Patrie, being a continuation of l'Ami du Peuple. The Directory has alſo ordered that the preſſes and cloſets of the printers and authors of thoſe journals be put under ſeal.

"The law authorized, circumſtances commanded theſe meaſures, and the Directory have been under the neceſſity of adopting them; it was neceſſary to diſarm the aſſaſſins of the country. A law againſt the abuſes of the preſs would have prevented the evils, the progreſs of which has now been ſtopped:—the Directory requires that law."

A report was alſo read from the miniſter of Police, relative to this object, containing details which could not be incloſed in the meſſage.

Briot—"I canntot help expreſſing here the profound indignation with which the ſtyle of the meſſage, and the intentions of thoſe who dictated it, have inſpired me.—What! at the moment when concord has juſt been recommended from the tribune, when you have ſhewn yourſelves diſpoſed to ſtifle all hatred—you are called upon to ſanction the unconſtitutional and dangerous meaſure which the Directory has juſt adopted! What, it is after the 30th Prairial that the moſt ſcandalous act of tyranny is announced to you! Remember that more than once France has accuſed her legiſlatures of the oppreſſion under which ſhe has groaned at different periods. Remember, that if you do not now reſiſt, and hold with a firm hand the reins of adminiſtration, you expoſe yourſelves to be diſhonoured in the minds of your fellow citizens. What, orders are iſſued to arreſt public writers, who are independent by the conſtitution, and who are amenable only to the laws! It will be ſufficient, then, to be a political writer, to be arreſted, if the principles you profeſs do not pleaſe the Directory. The Legiſlative Body muſt not be ſilent on this act of tyranny. I proclaim it to all France—a great ſtate blow will ſhortly be ſtruck. The French people are to be confined within their old territory, and the Directory are in poſſeſſion of a treaty of peace drawn upon that baſis! If this act is conſummated, if the Legiſlative Body is oppreſſed, then liberty is loſt: it remains for the people to come to our aſſiſtance; the people muſt riſe all at once, they muſt fly to arms and ſave themſelves! *(At theſe words, violent murmurs were heard, and* Briot *was called to order.)* The aim of the Directory is to ſtrike a great blow, and bring about the diſſolution of the Legiſlative Body! Already, I have proofs of it in hand, attempts have been made to excite a diſturbance in the ſuburb St. Antoine! *(Several voices cried, produce your proof!)* The ſtate is loſt, if the Legiſlative Body loſes its independence!" Briot concluded by moving, "that the meſſage and the report be printed, and referred to a commiſſion to make a report thereon within the ſpace of three days."—This ſpeech was interrupted frequently by teſtimonies of the greateſt diſapprobation.

Engerraud ſaid that the counter-revolutionary journals do more harm to the republic than the coaleſced armies. It was by the licencioufneſs of the preſs, he ſaid, that the Diet of Poland was degraded, that diviſion was ſown between the different parties, and the neighbouring powers profited of it to divide that fine country. Let that example ſerve as a leſſon to us.

The council ordered, that the meſſage and the report be printed and that the commiſſion eſtabliſhed for the liberty of the preſs do make its report within three days.

The ſitting of the 5th inſt was devoted to celebrate the 18th Fructidor.

Boulay (de la Meurthe) the Preſident pronounced a diſcourſe, of which the following are ſome of the moſt remarkable paſſages.

"The object of this feſtival is not to conſecrate the victory of one ſet of men over another, but to celebrate the greateſt triumph gained by the republicans over the royaliſts. Before the 18th Fructidor royaliſm did not hide itſelf under foreign colours it ſhewed itſelf maſked. The emigrants who were returned, diſdained to ſolicit their eraſure from the liſt, they conſidered their emigration as a title of honor, they pretended that they were the only true Frenchmen. The foreign powers, ſo often vanquiſhed, refuſed the peace which the republic offered them. The legiſlative body was ſwayed by a faction, which was the principal inſtrument of royalty. It refuſed the directory all conſtitutional means of conſolidating its power, and followed the ſame line of conduct towards it, as was followed in 1792 towards the late king. The directory itſelf was divided, the fermentation was general. A blow became neceſſary: it was ſtruck.

"It muſt be owned the blow was violent, extraordinary, unconſtitutional, it hurt for the moment the right of the national repreſentation. But though the friends of liberty lamented the violation, they united to ſanction it; but if they applauded the act of that day, they are far from approving of its conſequences and the abuſes which the former directory made of it. That Directory was inveſted with immenſe powers for the general good, by what fatality did it employ them againſt the Republic? What citizen would not this day proclaim its glory, had it employed in the cauſe of juſtice the dictatorſhip it ſo peaceably enjoyed during two years.

"The 30th Prairial became therefore as neceſſary as the 18th Fructidor. The dangers which now threaten us abroad & at home are greater than in the 5th year. But a great and generous nation will not receive the yoke of barbarians; the legiſlative body is compoſed entirely of republicans; all the members of the directory are attached to the ſame cauſe, that of the republic. Let a happy union be kept up between the two firſt powers and liberty will riſe once more triumphant from this cruel conflict. The means of preſerving that union, are to reſpect the conſtitution."

[To be Continued.]

FOR SALE,

By JOSEPH & JAMES CRUKSHANK,

No. 87 *High Street Philadelphia,*

A FEW COPIES

OF THE

HARLEIAN MISCELLANY,

BEING a Selection of Tracts which principally regard the Engliſh Hiſtory, and of which many are referred to by Hume. The ſcarcity and high price of the Harleian Miſcellany, induced the editor to offer the preſent abridgement to the public, which is compoſed of a narration of thoſe highly intereſting events which have occurred in the Hiſtory of England, and which are chiefly arranged in chronological order.

The volume contains in quantity one ſixth of the original work, and the price of it is one guinea, being only one twelfth of what the original book now ſells for.

November 21. 3taw2m

MACPHERSON's BLUES.

Legionary Orders.

THE firſt and ſecond troops of horſe, the ſecond company of rifle men (commanded by Capt Coyle) the artillery, grenadiers and infantry in the city, are ordered to parade at the Manege in Cheſnut ſtreet, on TUESDAY the 26th inſt. at half paſt two o'clock, PM. completely equipped.

By order of Brigadier General Macpherſon.

JOHN M'CAULEY, Adjutant.

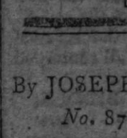
November 21.

N. B. Should the day prove wet and unfavorable, the parade will be poſtponed until further orders.

FOR BALTIMORE,

THE

Faſt-ſailing Schooner



SALLY,

PELETIAH BRIGGS, Maſter.

A good ſtrong veſſel, a conſiderable part of her cargo engaged, and will ſail in ſix days.

☞ For Freight or Paſſage apply to the Captain on board, at Cheſnut ſtreet wharf, or to

WILLIS & YARDSLEY.

11th Month, 18. ¶st

OX BEEF,

Of the firſt quality, and fit for India voyages,

FOR SALE,

By WILLIAM SHEAFF,

No. 168 High Street.

November 19. d6t

To be Sold, Cheap,

The Time of a young healthy Negro Girl,

Who has eight years to ſerve. She can cook and do all kinds of houſe work.

☞ For terms, apply at No. 171 Cheſnut ſtreet.

November 19, 1799. d5t

MATTHEW M'CONNELL

Having opened an Office in Cheſnut ſtreet,

(A few doors above Fourth)

At No. 141,

AND *again* commenced the Buſineſs of Negociations, in the various kinds of *Public Stock, Bills of Exchange, &c. &c.* Engages to do every thing in his power to give ſatisfaction to thoſe who may think proper to employ him. He means to confine his tranſactions to the *Agency and Commiſſion* line, in all ſuch buſineſs as is common to the profeſſion.

The purchaſe and ſale of *Houſes and Lots* in and near the City will be attended to, and alſo *of Lands*, when that buſineſs again revives.

November 19. d2w

WILLIAM HUDSON,

No. 8 *Cheſnut Street,*

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has received by the late arrivals from Europe, in addition to his former Stock,

A complete Aſſortment of Goods,

which are now opening, ſuitable for the approaching ſeaſon;

Amongſt which are—

Superfine Cloths and Caſſimeres,
Double milled Drab Cloths,
Superfine Nap Cloths, aſſorted colors,
Blue and Drap Plains,
Swanſdowns and Swanſkins,
Drapery, Baiſes, aſſorted colors,
Blue, green, white and ſpotted Bockings,
Blue and grey Coatings,
Scarlet, white, red and yellow Flannels,
Velvets, Thickſets, Corduroys, and fancy Cords,
Striped elaſtic Cloths and Coatings,
Fancy Marſeilles Waiſtcoatings,
Mens' and Womens' fine worſted Hoſe,
Do. do. worſted Gloves and Mits.
Mens' Socks,
Calimancoes, Durants & Joans Spinnings,
6 bales of Roſe Blankets, completely aſſorted, by the bale, &c. &c.

Nov. 6 d2ot.

SIMON WALKER,

Has removed his Counting House to No. 78 *Walnut Street, near Fourth Street,*

AND HAS FOR SALE,

ENGLISH PORTER, in caſks of ſix dozen each,
Engliſh Brown Stout, ditto ditto
Tin Plates,
200 crates Earthen ware,
Patent Shot, No. 1, 2, 4, 5, B, BB,
Lead, bar, ſheet and pig,
White and red Lead, yellow and black Paint,
Spaniſh brown, &c. ground in Oil,
Ruſſia Briſtles,
Engliſh Gunpowder in kegs, FF, F & C,
Muſkets, Piſtols, Cutlaſſes & boarding Pikes,
Cannon with carriages complete, 4, 6, 9 & 12 pounders,
Round, double headed and canniſter Shot,
Iron Craw Bars,
Refined Salt Petre,
Rough Brimſtone,
20 bales new Orleans Cotton,
Porter, wine and claret Bottles,
Hardware (aſſorted) in caſks,
Sadlery (aſſorted) in caſks,

November 21. 3taw6w

JOSEPH D. DRINKER

BEGS leave to inform his friends and the public that he has taken into partnerſhip DANIEL BARTOW.

Their Mercantile Concerns will, in conſequence, be conducted under the firm of *Drinker* and *Bartow*, who have juſt imported, per the Weſt Point, arrived at New York, the Amiable Creole, and other late arrivals at this port from Hamburg,

A VARIETY OF

GERMAN GOODS,

Conſiſting of the following Articles, viz.

In ſmall packages, entitled to Drawback.

Ticklenburghs,
Creas, a la Morlaix,
Dowlaſs, 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 & 9-8ths wide
Flanders Sheetings,
Sileſia ditto,
Rouan ditto,
Brown and white Platillas,
Britanias,
Weiſgarnige Linens,
7-8 & 4-4 Sileſia Sheetings, aſſorted,
Diaper and Damaſk Taule Cloths,
Clouting Diapers,
Diaper Zwillich,
Oil Cloths,
Glaſs Tumblers, Quarts, Pints and Half Pints,

ALSO,

Per the Eliza from London,

Ruſſia Sheetings,
Ravens Duck,
Men, Women and Children's Welſh yarn Hoſe.

All which they offer for ſale at their Store, No. 61 North Front Street, either by the package or ſmaller quantity, at the moſt reaſonable rates, for caſh or notes at ſhort date.

November 20. 3taw6w

FOR SALE,

At No. 103 *Market Street,*

On reaſonable terms, for Caſh or a ſhort Credit,

THE STOCK

ON HAND,

Of GEORGE PENNOCK, deceaſed,

CONSISTING OF

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

Dry Goods,

A WELL aſſorted invoice of German goods ſelected for the Weſt India market, as well as ſuitable for home conſumption.

Alſo, juſt arrived in the ſhip America, 100 pieces Blue Plains, 3 trunks fancy Chintz, 2 trunks muſlins, 1 trunk Checks, and 1 trunk Ginghams.

Likewiſe a handſome Coachee and a pair of quiet, large, well broke Bay Horſes.

GEORGE WILLIAMS,

Acting adminiſtrator to the eſtate of Geo. Pennock, deceaſed.

November 9.

At a meeting of the Committee appointed by the Board of Guardians of the Poor for the City and Liberties of Philadelphia, on the 25th day of the 9th Month, 1799, to aſſist in granting relief to indigent and neceſſitous inhabitants of the ſaid City and Liberties, held at the Court Houſe the 16th day of the 11th month, 1799—

JOHN JAMES, in the Chair,

THOMAS HARRISON, Secretary.

Reſolved, That as the duties of this Committee have now become unneceſſary in conſequence of the reſtoration of health and return of the citizens to their homes, the Committee deem it proper to ſtate for the information of their fellow-citizens and the Board of Guardians, the number of poor families relieved, together with the coſt of that relief.

From the accounts examined and paſſed, and for which orders were drawn on Luke W. Morris, Treaſurer to the Committee, it appears, that

				D.	C.
Peter Keyſer, Samuel M'Farran, Baſil Wood, and Math. Vanduzen,	Sub-committee for the Northern Liberties, relieved	225	families with bread, tea, ſugar, rice, &c. to the amount of	901	55
John Barker, Joſeph Juſtus, Lambert Wiltmore & John Teas,	Sub-committee for the 1ſt Diviſion of the City, being from Vine to Arch-ſtreet, and from Delaware to Schuylkill, relieved	212	families. Same.	675	82
John James, Arthur Howell, Wm. Holderneſs, Thomas Stokes, & Ray King,	Sub-committee for the 2d Diviſion of the City, being from Arch to Cheſnut-ſtreet, and from Delaware to Schuylkill, relieved.	106	families. Same.	461	62
John Evans, Philip Edwards, & Thos. Harriſon,	Sub-committee for the 3d Diviſion of the City, being from Cheſnut to Spruce-ſtreet, and from Delaware to Schuylkill, relieved	81	families. Same.	293	27
Dr. S. P. Griffiths, Thomas Atmore, Ferguſ. M'Ilvaine, Wm. Preſton, & Wm. Stevenſon,	Sub-committee for the 4th Diviſion of the City, being from Spruce to South-ſtreet, and from Delaware to Schuylkill, relieved	155	families. Same.	343	44
James Engle,	Sub-committee for Southwark, relieved	220	families. Same.	627	53
	Total,	999	families, relieved with dollars,	3303	23

Reſolved, That the foregoing be ſigned by the Chairman and Secretary, and they are requeſted to have the ſame publiſhed in the papers of this city, daily one week, for the information of the citizens generally.

JOHN JAMES, Chairman.

THOMAS HARRISON, Secretary.

MADEIRA WINE.

THE Subſcriber, has juſt received a quantity of HILL's Firſt Quality

London Particular Wine,

In Pipes, Hhds. and Quarter Caſks.

GIDEON HILL WELLS.

Phil'delphia, Nov. 12. 3taw2m

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

ON Thurſday, 22d October, deſerted from the encampment, near Briſtol, Pennſylvania, HENRY WEST, an enliſted Muſician, belonging to the company of Captain Matthew Henry of the tenth regiment of United States Infantry. He was 26 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, grey eyes, fair complexion, born in the county of Tyrone, Ireland, he is a little ſtoop ſhouldered and ſpeaks in a low tone of voice.

ALSO,

Deſerted from the company of captain Hugh Brady, on Saturday, 26th October, four privates, JOHN DENNIS, aged 34, 5 feet 8 inches high, born in New York, grey eyes, brown hair, brown complexion, was much addicted to liquor, and when intoxicated very talkative. SOLOMON SMITH, aged 37, 5 feet 7 inches high, born in New-York, grey eyes, brown hair, fair complexion, a notorious offender, this being his third deſertion. SIMEON DUN, aged 21 years, and 6 months, 5 feet 5 inches high, born in New-Jerſey, grey eyes, fair hair, brown complexion.

CHARLES Mc. LEY, aged 26, 5 feet 6 inches high, born in Ireland, grey eyes, black hair, dark complexion—he is ſuppoſed to be in Norriſtown, or its neighbourhood—it is not known what clothing they had when they deſerted; but the probability is that they have changed their military habits.

Whoever ſhall take up the above deſerters and lodge them in any jail ſo that their officers may get them again, or ſhall deliver them to the ſubſcriber at his quarters in Filbert, between Ninth and Tenth ſtreets, ſhall receive the above reward and for either of them a proportionate reward of ten dollars and all reaſonable expences.

BENJAMIN GIBBS, jun.

Captain, 10th U. States Regiment Infantry.

november 11. d2w.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from Spring Forge, in York County, a negro man, named *ISAAC*, otherwiſe *CUDJO*, about 21 years old, the property of Robert Coleman; Eſq. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a blemiſh in his eyes, more white in them than common, by trade a Forge man; had on and took with him a drab coloured broad cloth coat, almoſt new, a ſailors jacket and pantaloons printed fancy cord, a ſwanſdown ſtriped under jacket; a roruna hat; one fine and one coarſe ſhirt; one muſlin handkerchief, ſprigged, two ditto ſtriped border, a blue Perſian under jacket and two pair cotton ſtockings. Whoever takes up ſaid negro and lodges him in any jail in this or any of the neighbouring ſtates ſhall have the above reward or reaſonable expences if brought home.

JOHN BRIEN.

Spring Forge, October 23, 1799.

N. B. As ſaid negro formerly lived in Cheſter county, it is probable he may return there.

November 5

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY on Saturday evening the 13th July inſtant, from Colebrook Furnace, Lancaſter county, a Negro Man named *Cato*, he is about 40 years of age, five feet ſix or ſeven inches high, tolerable black, with a down ill look, ſquints, he is a cunning artful fellow, a great liar, and very fond of ſtrong liquor, has been brought up to the farming buſineſs, is very handy at any kind of laboring work; he took with him a number of clothing, amongſt which were, one ſuit plain Nankeen; (ſome money). It is expected he has ſhaped his courſe for Philadelphia or New York.

† The above reward will be paid for ſecuring him in any gaol in the United States, with reaſonable charges if brought home.

SAMUEL JACOBS.

Colebrook Furnace, July 16, 1799.

(O18) d6m

Now Ready for Sale,

AT

GEORGE DAVIS's

Law Book Store,

No. 319, *HIGH STREET,*

A very valuable and extenſive Aſſortment of

Law Books,

IMPORTED this fall and immediately before the late ſickneſs, comprehending almoſt every Book in uſe, of the lateſt London and Iriſh editions. They will be diſpoſed of from a ſingle volume, to an entire Library at the ſame prices as have heretofore given ſuch general ſatisfaction.

By ſundry veſſels daily expected from London and Dublin, his ſtock will as uſual be kept up, ſo that gentlemen will ſeldom be diſappointed when applying at his ſtore.

N. B. This day is publiſhed, Davis's Law Catalogue for 1799, of books for ſale, which may be had gratis, on application as above.

November 8. tuth&ſ2m

Juſt Published,

A COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM

Of Practical Surveying and dividing of land; briefly comprized under the following heads, viz.

TWENTY-THREE Geometrical Definitions, eleven Geomatrical Poſitions, exhibiting to view the properties and depeadencies of triangles; followed by problems and examples preparatory to Trigonometry, heights and diſtances. Then fifteen problems and examples neceſſarily previous to calculating a Survey ſucceeded by ſeven ſurveys, the area of the four firſt is found geometrically, and of the whole number by difference of latitude and departure, ſhewing how to take an inacceſſible boundary, find the bearing and diſtance of the cloſing line without running it, alſo the diſtances to an inacceſſible corner from the two adjacent corners, followed by examples of offſets on to winding ſtreams of water, ſhewing how to aſcertain the area without the trouble of meaſuring the windings with chains and inſtruments—a crooked water courſe ſtraitened, and a quantity of land on each ſide found by theſe offſets.

Ten examples of dividing land, with many ſub-diviſions, leading into the moſt critical circumſtances that can occur in practice; an example of Interſections, and an example ſhewing how the bearings of a field may be truly taken where the needle is attracted, altho' the attraction may vary in quantity and denomination at every ſtation; examples ſhewing the method of meaſuring by the chain only. All the rules are clear and explicit. This work contains the tables of difference of latitude and departure and of logarithms.

Orders ſent to Joſeph and James Cruckſhank, Bookſellers, No. 87, High-ſtreet, Philadelphia, Bonſall and Niles, 173, Market Street, Baltimore, or the Subſcriber in Wilmington (Del.) will be duly attended to.

Thoſe who have the care of ſubſcription papers for this work, are requeſted to ſend their reſpective numbers as ſoon as poſſible, to whom the quota's will be ſent agreeably to the propoſals.

ZACHARIAH JESS.

Wilmington, 9th 11 mo.—16. 3awam.

For FREIGHT *or* CHARTER,

For Europe or the Weſt Indies,

THE SHIP

PACIFIC,

PERKINS SALTER, Maſter,

She is a ſtaunch good Ship, well fitted, burthen about 3000 *barrels, and ready to receive a cargo on board.*

☞ For terms apply to

WHARTON and LEWIS,

No. 115 South Front ſtreet,

WHO HAVE FOR SALE,

A parcel of Havanna Molaſſes,
Old Madeira Wine,
Ground Ginger,
Burlington Pork, &c. &c.

November 21. dtf

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 22.

Juſtum et tenacem propoſiti virum,
Non civium ardor prava jubentium,
Non vultus inſtantis tyranni,
Mente quatit ſolida.

PARTICULAR PROVIDENCE.

It is not doubted that the affairs of this world, even ſometimes in their minutia, are interfered with, by that Being, without whoſe notice not a Sparrow falls to the ground. But the extreme lengths to which this doctrine has ſometimes been carried, have given occaſion to much *mauvaiſe plaiſanterie*, on the part of ſophiſts and unbelievers. That particular and ſignal crimes do draw down particular and ſignal judgments, is inconteſtible; but the proſtitution of the idea, when in common parlance, it is ſaid, ſuch an one ſlipped on the ice, and *providentially* eſcaped breaking his leg, is abſurd. Does not the tide in the river, bear down with equal indifference a drowning man and a log? The celebrated zealot, Bunyan, has indulged to exceſs in this belief; and one cannot forbear a ſmile, at the ſingular applications of it, which appear in his *Grace abounding to the Chief of Sinners*, a work written purpoſely to ſubſtantiate the doctrine. Bunyan ſays, that being in the field with one of his companions, an adder paſſed the road, which he purſued, ſtruck, and having ſtunned her, forced open her mouth with his ſtick, and plucked her ſting out with his fingers; by which act (ſays he) *had not God been merciful to me*, I might have brought myſelf to my end. At another time, he was drawn out to beſiege a town, and another ſoldier going in his place, "was ſhot into the head with a muſket bullet and died;" which he deemed a merciful interpoſition of Divinity in his own behalf.

BRITISH DEPREDATIONS.

EVER ſince the Board of Commiſſioners, inſtituted to ſettle the claims of Britiſh Creditors, has been diſſolved, many of the public prints (profeſſedly federal) have teemed with reports of Britiſh depredations; and ſome of theſe paragraphs have been ſeaſoned with no ſmall degree of aſperity againſt both the nation and government. Why theſe complaints have made their appearance ſo much oftener ſince, than they did before, the event above referred to, I leave to be explained hereafter: what I have principally to notice, at preſent, is the avidity with which theſe reports (the major part of them utterly falſe) are copied from paper to paper, as matters of fact and quoted by Federal men, as proofs of the hoſtile ſpirit of the Britiſh government; in order, doubtleſs, to revive ancient animoſities, and to prepare the public mind for a ſerious rupture. I do not know whether to call this a ſtupid deſign, or a malignant one, it partakes ſo much of both qualities; but I will not heſitate to declare that it is both diſingenuous and cowardly to charge it, as ſome federaliſts have done, on the democratic party: ſuch a miſrepreſentation, is inconſiſtent with the juſtice due even to old Nick.

The leaders of the democrats are men of talents; they have too much craft to excite a war againſt Great Britain at this time. Although they hate King George and his miniſters moſt ſincerely, as they do all other kings and miniſters, that oppoſe their doctrine of *the Rights of Man*, they are too cunning to provoke hoſtilities, that will terminate in their own ruin.

The object that engroſſes their preſent thoughts is to ſeize on the powers of this weak, tottering government, ſatisfied if their favorite principles are well eſtabliſhed only in the United States. What greater triumph can they wiſh for, than to provide an aſylum for Jacobiniſm in this extenſive country, after it has been exiled from all others; where the rebels and aſſaſſins of Europe will fly in the day of vengeance, that is haſtening, and find ſafety, if they can but find veſſels to tranſport them? It is therefore not their policy to ruſh into a conteſt with the warlike maritime, nations of the old world, that can burn their ſea-port towns, deſtroy their marine, prevent the eſcape of their friends, and reduce them to miſery in a few years. This is the policy of weaker heads than theirs—of your half-way-gentry, an ambphibious race, who are perpetually vibrating from ſide to ſide, like the pendulum of a clock; vainly believing that, becauſe they vibrate, they regulate the motions of the machine; without once reflecting that their vibrations have no effect whatever on the machine, and are owing only to their own lightneſs. If, therefore, a clamour ſhould be raiſed againſt the Britiſh government, or Britiſh cruiſers, and any pains ſhould be taken to diſfigure either to the public eye, the Jacobins are not the firſt men to be ſuſpected.

However much theſe may contribute to diſturb the government of their country, to render it contemptible to all nations, and, of courſe, the fitter for their own excluſive purpoſes, the Jacobin leaders have no deſire of a war with Great Britain, in the preſent poſture of affairs. So long as there is no danger of an alliance with her, they are quite willing to preſerve a nominal neutrality. An alliance with a wiſe and powerful nation, which has experienced the benefits of a well poiſed and energetic government for centuries, is the evil they dread and deprecate the moſt. Next to an alliance, they dread a war with her. Peace is their element: it affords full ſcope to their active talents. In peace they are ſenſible they grow with our growth, and ſtrengthen with our ſtrength; for a democracy, which is only a cant name for the triumph of ſcoundrels, acquires ſtrength from the right of univerſal ſuffrage, as naturally as licentiouſneſs, rapine, and murder grow out of the abſence of law, or as crows fatten on a carrion.

It is your ſmall federaliſts, therefore, whom I ſuſpect of fabricating theſe exaggerated tales; the men, who, after five years tameneſs, under French outrages and inſults, that would diſhonor a Geneveſe, or an Italian Caſtrato, now glow with ſenſibility for their country's wrongs, and are ready to draw the ſword, becauſe the Britiſh have been ſo uncivil, as not to ſuffer us to carry their enemy's property in ſafety.

Theſe men may expect likewiſe that by propoſing a piratical war againſt Britiſh merchantmen, they will allure the great herd of democrats, by the ſcent of plunder, to deſert their leaders, and to join the federal ſtandard; and that by this means they will fruſtrate a conſpiracy that threatens the federal government; but they are miſtaken: the democrats will range under no ſtandard but their own, of which we want no clearer proof than M'Kean's anſwer. They know their ſtrength; and their motto is, AUT CÆSAR, AUT NIHIL."

THE INUNDATION OF HOLLAND.

IF the French ſucceed in their deſign to inundate the low provinces of Holland, every Dutchman in the country deſerves to be drowned, if they do not riſe in a body, and exterminate thoſe Demons in human ſhape, by all manner of means and contrivances, by ſword or by bullet, by fire or by water. It was hard to image any crime they had not committed before, but this laſt will certainly cap the climax. How depraved muſt that mind be, that does not ſhrink with horror from a connection of peace and amity with ſuch deteſtable monſters! Is there a virtuous man in America that would exchange common civilities with the miſcreant, who would dare to perpetrate, or even to adviſe ſo atrocious an act?—If the fundamental inſtitutions of ſociety, of religion, and of morals are not more mere ſhadows, that appear, or vaniſh, at the calls of political expedience, the French Republic ſhould be conſidered, and treated by all nations, as hoſtile to the human race—and ſo ſhe really is contemplated by all, except the corrupt, treacherous, and mercenary court of Berlin.

Lebreton, the famous chief of the Chouans, ſtyling himſelf Captain for Louis XVIII. of the circuits of Avranches and Coutances, has been aſſaſſinated by ſome of the brigands of the revolution, near Avranches.

By a letter from the Department of L'Arriege, of the 30th Auguſt, to the Editor of the Paris Gazette, *L'Ami des Loix*, it appears, that "The inſurgents of the Upper Garonne, commanded by the ci-devant count de Paulo [ſo often killed, but yet alive] had formed the plan to make themſelves maſters of the principal towns of the Department of L'Arriege, and to force the inhabitants to enliſt under the banners of royalty. Already had they penetrated even to the walls of Pamiers; but the republicans of that commune, liſtening only to the voice of their country, ſpontaneouſly roſe in a maſs to oppoſe the progreſs of the enemy; men, women and children were all confounded together. As ſoon as the cry of alarm was heard, the republicans formed an impenetrable bundle, and at the moment when the chief of the rebels ſummoned them to ſurrender, they anſwered him by a general diſcharge of ſmall arms, and by cries of *Long live the Republic!* Many of thoſe royal Chevaliers bit the duſt, and the reſt were repulſed and put to flight. The nimbleſt courſer could not have arreſted M. De Paulo, who fled over the fields like a ſtag. At this moment the communications are re-eſtabliſhed."

Rapinat, ex-commiſſary in Helvetia, thus replies to an officer of general Schawenbourg's ſtaff, who had denounced him. "I read in the *Freemen's Journal*, that a citizen attached to general Schawenbourg, reproaches me with having generouſly given to that general, *a ſum of* 30,000 *francs, drawn from the treaſury of Berne*, and *that ſum, was, in his words, for the expences of his table*. I will obſerve to you that that citizen is an error; it was not 30,000 francs that I delivered to that general, but 35,537 francs, which he had advanced from his funds allotted for his ſecret expences, for the 18th regiment of cavalry, which was in Switzerland under his orders."

They ſay, it was the Germans and Iriſh who put M'Kean into office. Perhaps St. Patrick had a mind to have a little bit of fun in his new country, by ſetting up an auld Paddy, with a bob wig and a queer phiz, for a ſcare crow to the children.

COMPLETE ALLITERATION.

Of this meaneſt amongſt the nuga of literature, ſometimes pleaſing, but oftener the ſubſtitute of ſenſe and ſolidity, the following, by an old writer, is at once complete and unaffected.

"Begot by Butchers, but by Biſhops bred,
"How high his honor holds his haughty head"

The lenient and pacific French, hating always litigations, ſeem reſolved to finiſh the diſpute in Holland by throwing cold water on it.

The diſpoſition of a Jacobin is very much like that of a miſer: The more liberty you give him, the more miſerable, turbulent and reſtleſs you find him.

It ſeems now almoſt forgotten that Buonaparte's name is *Shaler*, and that he was born in Middletown, Connecticut: But ſuch is ever the fate of the unfortunate!

It might not be amiſs for Jacobins as they are, like Mirabeau, fond of *revolutions*, if they were to take each a tug, like him, at the wheel of Ixion, for a reaſonable ſpace of time.

An old wretch in England of the name of Towers, has attempted in two long and lying volumes, to ſhew that the French revolution is the commencement of the *Millenium*. Pleaſant proſpect to look forward to a thouſand years of ſuch felicity!

It was pleaſantly remarked of an hypocritical federaliſt, who has long been known for "an old ſtinking Jacobin" at bottom, that his eye ſeemed to turn inward, under a conſciouſneſs of guilt, as if to enquire, whether all went well there, or not.

The nature of liberty, whether civil or religious, has been groſsly miſunderſtood: It conſiſts not as in England, of having an option of ſtaying at home or going abroad; of keeping a ſhop or going to ſea, or joining the army; of paying a moiety of your money, for ſafe-keeping of the reſt:—of ſhewing demonſtrations of reverence for the Almighty quocunque modo;—but as in France: of ſtaying at home, or being proſcribed as an *emigré*; of joining the army, or being ſhot as a deſerter; of paying with a good will all you poſſeſs, or having it ſeized by requiſition; and of baſpheming the Almighty, at all times and in every manner.

The life and adventures of democracy, in this country, would be a curious and novel tale,—rivalling ſomewhat in intereſt and ſtill more in magnitude, the pleaſant romance of De Foe, or that of the bearded hermit, Philip Quarll. Like an ancient French *Chevalier d'Induſtrie*, who, having ſunk the Friſeur, in the ſtarch and pompous habiliments of an undertaker, paſſed on from city to city, aſtoniſhing the weak minds of the natives and raiſing up crowds of thoſe impertinent and muſhroom gentry called creditors; it has made its promenade through the continent, at eccentric intervals, now deſtroying oxen, with Achillean rage, at one town, now ſkipping and dancing at another, to the Ca Ira, Carmagnole and murderous Marſeillois.

We read, in certain Gazettes, that the Hon. Robert Livingſton, Chancellor of the State of New-York, has diſcovered a method of making Paper out of river weeds. 'Twere a good exchange, if many other luminaries of democracy were to leave off *pounding* Government, and take, like our Chancellor, to pounding river weeds into paper. A man has ſome merit, for repleniſhing, in the latter part of life, a ſtock, which he has either uſeleſsly or to evil purpoſe, dilapidated in the former.

If thoſe who blot and waſte paper with idle, ſtupid, or wicked productions, were ſentenced, each, to repleniſh in his proportion, how tedious would be the taſk of a newſprinter.

The American Government has the honorable boaſt of beholding amongſt its ſupporters, the united Genius and Learning of the Country: But as the moſt brilliant picture will have ſome dark ſhades, there is here and there, found, a wretch, ſo loſt to the dignity of his nature, and the right employment of his endowments, as to become recreant, and convert them to the deſtruction of thoſe eſtabliſhments which reſcued him from ignorance: But ſuch exceptions are few; apparent rari nantes in gurgite vaſto.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Mr. Carey has recommenced a work ſometime publiſhed by him under the title of "The American Muſeum." It is a collection of Eſſays, ſelected principally from newſpapers, on various topics, chiefly political. Much of the vain and idle gabble of Democracy, amongſt which we notice the ſomniferous Eſſays of the American Merchant, is here vainly attempted to be reſcued from that neglect, to which its inherent and diſtinctive qualities have irrevocably conſigned it: a part of the work, however is occupied with better ſpeculations; amongſt which we mention the ingenious and learned Eſſay of the late Judge Bradford on crimes and puniſhments. On the whole, as this work will be called for, principally by men on whom the *furor* of Democracy will rage in vain, it may be ſtyled an uſeful compilation.

Mr. Spotſwood, an ingenious and orthodox bookſeller and typographer, at Boſton, has undertaken, by requeſt of a number of gentlemen, the republication of the Duc de Liancourt's Travels through America.

The Democratic prints, tho' generally as vapid and witleſs as others, make, now and then, a juſt remark: One of theſe ſome weeks ago, expreſſed a ſatisfaction in hearing that a celebrated and elegant Eſſayiſt, was about to viſit the City; for, ſays he, we ſhall then, be amuſed with at leaſt *one* decent writer on the ſide of Government. The ſarcaſm is merited; it is a ſhameful truth, that the few papers which do profeſs openly to ſide with Government, are not only turgid, and often middle-going, but diſguſtingly abound in new-coined words and phraſes. In addition to theſe things they are ſhamefully remiſs—indolence poſſeſſes them wholly. If I except the Trenton Federaliſt, Albany Centinel, Mr. John Ruſſell's paper, and one at Charleſton, I preſent nearly the ſum and ſubſtance of federal induſtry and merit. The occaſional efforts of luminous private writers in various parts do not detract from the juſtice of this reproach.

To be reproved as a ſelf-created cenſor, would not be ſtrange—but theſe remarks are felt to be true, and as they ought to be expreſſed—it is no matter by whom.

Horace begins one of his Satires, by telling us that, leaving Rome, he travelled to Aricia.

A traveller departing from Philadelphia would have to ſay, Egreſſum magna me accepit Philadelphia *lutum*.

Extract of a Letter, dated United States *at Sea, Nov. 6, received by brig Weſtpoint, arrived at New York.*

"We have been three days out, with fine weather. The Commiſſioners ſay, we are going to Liſbon." This goes by brig Weſtpoint.

From J. Ruſſell's Commercial Gazette.

REFLECTIONS

Occaſioned by reading ſome attacks on Mr FENNO.

Truths wou'd you teach, or ſave a ſinking land,
All ſhun, none aid you, and few underſtand.
Pope.

Every good man muſt lament the irreparable injury done by the *French*, to the cauſe of liberty, virtue and religion, throughout the world.

There were always in *France*, men whoſe enlightened views were faithfully directed to the public welfare, and whoſe advice, if it could have been heard, might have been followed, and if followed, would have ſaved that country from ſome of the miſeries it is doomed to ſuffer; but as they neither flattered the mob, nor the rulers of the mob, they were viewed with jealouſy by both.—Thoſe men would have taught that the maintenance of a republic, perfectly free, required an habitual preponderance of juſt ſentiments among the people, and that theſe could be only produced by the united exertions of wiſe and honeſt citizens, co-operating with a juſt and conſiſtent adminiſtration of the government: but in *France*, all the avenues to public opinion have been excluſively occupied by wrong-headed zealots, or unprincipled demagogues, by unfeeling tyrants, or obſequious ſlaves;—every honeſt attempt to ſerve the people of *France*, or ſave their country, from ruin, has been eaſily defeated by the power of the preſs. The French preſs has been licentious and profligate to an extreme, but never free—at one time it ſubſerved the moſt audacious attacks on every man of known virtue, and prepared the deſtruction of every one who dared to ſuggeſt a ſalutary truth; of every one who was not baſe enough to adore the ravings of a giddy populace, as the ſober dictates of reaſon, or the ſacred voice of God—from the deteſtable employment of varniſhing the follies and vices of the people, it paſſed to the more deteſtable employment of vindicating firſt, the errors and follies, and finally, the crimes of their maſters. The example of *France* in all the features of its revolution, ſhould be kept in remembrance, as a warning to every people who wiſh to avoid its miſerable fate.

There are many evils which it would be eaſy to prevent, but which would be hard to bear, and impoſſible to cure;—a total deprivation of the American preſs is not likely to happen ſoon; but if there be any indications of that ſort, the maxim of "*obsta principiis*" will be applied by all independent men, who recollect that the liberty of the preſs, and the liberty of their country, will die as they have lived together.

There is a difference between free and licentious writings; between thoſe that are merely bold, and theſe that are ſeditious; between writings calculated to inſtruct or juſtly to cenſure the adminiſtrators of public affairs, and writings injurious to public order and happineſs. The ſedition act is bottomed upon theſe diſtinctions. It by no means precludes a free, manly inquiry into public meaſures. It ſupports the rights, while its tendency is to prevent the abuſes of the preſs.

Gazette Marine Liſt.

Port of Philadelphia.

ARRIVED, days

Schr. Phœbe, Golding, Havanna 17
Sukey, James, Frederickſburg 8
Commerce, Hammond, R. Iſland 6
Fair Trader, Ormond, N. York 8

CLEARED,

Brig Fair American, Pittman, St. Thomas
Schr. Suſanna, Killey, Richmond
Sloop Sally, Thompſon, C. Francois
Bethiah, Butler, Norfolk
Harmony, Elſwood, Alexandria

Capt. Golding ſailed from the Havanna the 4th inſt. in company with the brig Anne, of and for Charleſton, brig Two Betſies, of and for Baltimore. Spoke no veſſels on her paſſage. Left at Havanna ſeveral American veſſels, among them were the brig Ruth and Mary, Arnold; brig Beaver, Elliot, of Philadelphia, and brig Nelly of Baltimore, to ſail in 7 or 8 days.

New-York, September 21.

Schr. Federal, Van Antwerp from Havannah to this port foundered 4 days after ſhe left there in a violent gale of wind.

The brig Lucy, Steed, from Norfolk to Jamaica was loſt 27th October between the North Caucois and French Key. The captain and crew were picked up by a Schooner for Baltimore and landed at Norfolk the 11 inſt.

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, NOVEMBER 21.

Six per Cent. 15/9 to 10
Three per Cent. 9/6
Deferred 6 per Cent. 14/7 to 9
8 per Cent Stock—funded—Intereſt from 1ſt Oct. 1½ per Cent. advance.
Do Scrip with four laſt payments, 2½ per advance.
BANK United States, 20 to 21
—— Pennſylvania, 14
—— North America, 50
Inſurance comp. N. A. ſhares 15
—— Pennſylvania, ſhares, 28
Eaſt-India Company of N. A. par.
Land Warrants, 30 dolls. per 100 acres.

Advance.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

On London, 51 at 30 days
50 at 60 à 90 days
Amſterdam, 35 37 à-100 per florin
Hamburgh 30 23 à-100 per Mark Banco

Natural Philoſophy.

THE Truſtees of the Univerſity of Pennſylvania, having given me the uſe of the apparatus belonging to that inſtitution, for the purpoſe of delivering an *Experimental courſe of Lectures on Natural Philoſophy*, I ſhall deliver the Introductory Lecture at the Univerſity on Tueſday evening next at 7 o'clock, and ſhall lecture every Tueſday and Thurſday evening, at that place, until the courſe is completed.

THOMAS P. SMITH,
No. 19, North Fifth Street.
nov. 22 d4t

Forty four hogſheads prime Kentuckey
TOBACCO,
FOR SALE,
By NEILL & SMITH,
No. 159, *Market ſtreet.*
Nov. 22. d1w

FOR SALE,
The unexpired Time
OF AN INDENTED GERMAN BOY,
Who has eight years to ſerve.

He is active, healthy and ſtrong, and ſold for want of employ.

*** For terms apply to the Printer.
nov. 22. d2w

40 Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY, on the night of the 10th inſt. from the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhips of Eaſt and Weſt-Bradford, in the county of Chaſter, and ſtate of Pennſylvania, two apprentice lads, one named EMMOR THOMAS, 18 years of age, by trade a taylor, fair complexion, light hair; had on and took with him, a light coloured coattee, lined with white flannel, a dark ſtradeloth waiſtcoat, lined with lindcey, a ſtriped caſſimere coat and trowſers, three ſhirts of home made linen, two pair of ſtockings, two pair of ſhoes, and two hats. The other named AARON PATTERSON, turned of 18 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, dark complexion, long black hair which he uſually wears tied, black eyes, has loſt one or two of his fore teeth, long flat feet which bear the marks of being badly ſcalded, by trade a hatter; had on and took with him a dark coloured cloth coat, one dimity and one corduroy waiſtcoat, two ſhirts, one of them muſlin, two pair of trowſers, one plain nankeen the other corduroy, two pair of blue woollen ſtockings, two pair of cotton, do. one blue and white clouded, the other white, two pair of ſhoes, and a rorum hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures the above ſaid apprentice lads, in any goal in the United States, ſo that their maſters may get them again, ſhall be intitled to the above reward, or Twenty Dollars for either of them.

DAVID LEWIS,
ABIAH TAYLOR, junior.
nov. 22. 3t¶

Juſt Imported,
In the PACIFIC, and other veſſels lately arrived from England, and
FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
2 Bales of low priced Broad Cloths,
2 do. Roſe Blankets,
1 do. ſtriped Duffil do.
1 do. Twilled Coatings,
3 do. Flannels aſſorted,
1 do. fine Plains and Swanſdowns.
1 do. Moreens, Wildbores, Tamborines and Ruſſelets,
1 do. Brown Sheetings,
1 caſe Muſlinets—and
4 Ton of Shot aſſorted and in 1-4 cwt. bags.

ALSO,
A few Tierces of Rice.
THOMAS GILPIN,
No. 149, *South Front Street.*
11 mo. 15. eo2w.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the brig Favorite, *Henry Ruſt*, jun. Maſter, from St. Peterſburg, laying at the wharf of the ſubſcribers,
About 40 tons clean Hemp,
25 tons old ſable bar Iron,
A ſmall parcel of Cordage,
A few bales Ruſſia ſail Canvas,
Ditto Ravenſduck, and
Ditto 9-8th Sheeting,
FOR SALE,
By ELLISTON and JOHN PEROT.
October 21. tawtf

COPPER,
Proper for ſheathing veſſels, and for Coppersmiths uſe,
FOR SALE,
By JOHN ALLEN,
No. 122 SPRUCE STREET.
ALSO,
A few Crates Glaſs Ware, aſſorted.
November 14. eo1ot

MEDFORD and WILLIS
Have received this day, by the Active and America, from London,
Fancy ſtriped Ginghams & Madras Handkerchiefs, } *entitled to Drawback,*
Blankets, in bales,
White and red Lead, in caſks, and
Sail Cloth.
ON HAND,
London Pewter,
Scarlet Cardinals,
Hoſiery,
Buttons, and
Peterſburg Hemp.
☞ Enquire of JOHN DORSEY.
November 18, 1799. eod3t

TO LET,
THE HOUSE
No. 9 *South Water Street.*
☞ Enquire at No. 55 North Water ſtreet of
JOHN CLARK.
Philadelphia, *Nov.* 18. dtf

WANTED,
A NEWS CARRIER.
AN active, ſteady and faithful MAN, who can give ſatisfactory reference as to character, will meet employ in the above capacity, on applying at the office of this Gazette.
November 20. dtf

AT a Court of Common Pleas held at Union Town, for the county of Fayette, the fourth Monday of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, before the Judges of the same court, on the petition of John Willson, praying that the act of Assembly, providing that the person of a debtor shall not be liable to imprisonment for debt after delivering up his estate for the use of his creditors, may be extended to him. The Court appoint the first day of next term, to hear the petitioner and his creditors, and order that he give his creditors public notice hereof, in Fenno's Philadelphia paper, and in Yundt and Brown's Baltimore paper, for one week, ending at least four weeks before the day of hearing; and that he also give to John Gillespie and Jacob Everhart personal notice in writing, to be served on them, at least fifteen days previous to the hearing. At September term, this order was continued to the first day of December term.

By the Court,

EPHRAIM DOUGLASS,
Prothonotary.

Samuel Miles, jun'r.

Of the city of Philedelphia, merchant, having assigned over all his effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers, for the benefit of such of his creditors as may subscribe to the said assignment on or before the first of August next.

Notice is hereby given,

To all persons indebted to the said estate, that they are requested to make immediate payment to either of the assignees, or to the said Samuel Miles, who is authorised to receive the same; in failure whereof legal steps will be taken for the recovery of such debts, as are not discharged accordingly.

GEORGE ASTON,
CORNELIS COMEGYS,
JOHN ALLEN,
} Assignees

feb. 14. 53wtf

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Chesnut, near Sixth street, directly opposite CONGRESS HALL.

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Chesnut street and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame house, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge subject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous situation of this property requires no comments, for it must be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaser. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

no. 198. Chesnut street, next door to the premises.

march 5 tu.th sa tf

WHEREAS,

AN attachment was lately issued out of the inferior court of common pleas of the county of Essex, in the state of New Jersey, directed to the sheriff of the said county, against the rights, credits, monies and effects, goods and chattels, lands and tenements of *John Cleves Symmes* at the suit of *William Wells*, in a plea of trespass on the case to his damage three thousand dollars;—

And whereas, the said sheriff did, at the term of June last past, return to the said court that he had attached the defendant by a certain bond given by Matthias Denman and Samuel Meeker to the said defendant, to the amount of near two thousand dollars, and also by sixty land warrants;—

Now therefore, unless the said John Cleves Symmes shall appear, give special bail, and receive a declaration at the suit of the plaintiff, judgment will be entered against him, and his property herein attached, will be sold agreeably to the statute in such case made and provided.

Aaron Ogden, *Clerk, &c.*

Elizabeth-town, July 8, 1799 (11) 12aw12m

A beautiful Country Seat

FOR SALE,

SITUATED on the bank of the Delaware joining lands of Matthias Sipler and Mr. John Duffield, 13 miles from Philadelphia and 7 miles from Bristol.

The buildings consist of a new two story Frame House and Kitchen adjoining—3 rooms on a floor, a Piazza the whole front of the House, a Pump of excellent water, also a good garden and orchard—10 acres of land will be sold with the premises, but more can be had if required. There is a gravelly shore at the river, the water stages for Burlington pass every day in the summer season, and the land stages for New-York within half a mile; any person inclining to purchase may know the terms of sale and other particulars by enquiring at No. 12, Dock-street, or No. 161, South Second-street.

june 1.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE or four lots of about 30 or 40 acres each, more or less as may suit a purchaser. On each of which there is a good situation for a house—viz. one on the river Delaware, suitable either for a gentleman's seat, or for a person who might wish to engage in the lumber business having a good landing. One commanding a good view of the river from the highest ground between the Pennypack and Poquessin creeks; and another on the Bristol Road. Enquire of Mr. Gilpin near the 11 mile stone on the said road.

ALSO

FOUR LOTS,

Of about 10 acres each with good situations for building; one of which is suitable for a tan-yard, and has a small stone house and a young bearing orchard on it, on the Newtown road near Snider's mill about 10 miles from Philadelphia, and one other lot of about 30 acres on the Pennypack.—Enquire of Jonathan Clift who lives on the premises or of Mr. Gilpin.

Possession will be given in the spring, but building materials may be collected sooner.

November 8 2awtf.

Taxes of Lycoming County.

JOHN KIDD, Treasurer,

BY Direction of the *Commissioners* of Lycoming county, attends at Philadelphia to receive the Taxes assessed upon unseated Lands in that County, from the holders thereof, in this City. Those who have filed with the Commissioners, statements of their Lands, are requested to call upon him, to know the amount of Taxes thereon, and pay them; otherwise, before his leaving the City, they will be put into the hands of the Sheriff for collection, agreeably to the act for raising county rates and levies. Those who have not filed statements of their lands with the Commissioners, and are desirous of having it done, to prevent sales without previous personal Notice, may file with the above Treasurer, their lists, stating the quantities returned, number and dates of the warrants and names of the warrantees, under which they hold their lands. He will attend at Mr. Joseph Hardy's No. 98, Market street for this purpose until the 18th instant.

November 9.

UPPER CANADA.

COUNCIL OFFICE, Sept. 24.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the townships of *Dereham* and *Norwich*, in the western district of this province, are to be sold in lots of *three thousand acres each*, exclusive of the crown and clergy reserves. There are *sixteen blocks* in each township, numbered from one to sixteen. The lands are of excellent quality, and lie between the river La Tranche and lake Erie.

Persons inclined to purchase are to give in their proposals in writing, to this office, in which they are to name the lots they bid for, and to state the price they are willing to give for them. The proposals must be given in on or before the first day of March next; within one month after which the purchasers will be declared, and on their taking the oaths of allegiance to his Britannic Majesty, letters patent of grant will be delivered to them *free of expence*.

Half the purchase money must be paid when the purchasers are declared, and good security given for the payment of the other half in *two years, in equal yearly payments*. Plans of the townships may be seen at the Surveyor General's office in York, and at the house of Mr. Hambly, near the townships.

JOHN SMALL, C. E. C.

November 7. eodzw

THE Creditors of Baly, Hill, & Evans, Insolvent Debtors, in the county of Sussex, are to meet the Assignee at the Court-House in said county, on the 25th of Dec. next, at 10 o'clock A. M. in order to make a dividend of said Insolvent's estate, that may come to hand by that day.

CH. CASE, assignee.

june 25

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE time being fixed on, when the MILITARY LAND (commonly called Knox's) WARRANTS, granted to the United States' army, are to be registered and located,—the subscribers have explored that tract of land on which those warrants are to be laid; with a view, and for the purpose of offering their services as locaters.

We take the liberty of suggesting, "that weare at least as well acquainted with the situation, quality of the soil, &c. of the different townships in the aforesaid tract, as any other person:" this will, perhaps, appear more clearly, by observing, that WILLIAM C. SCHENK assisted in running the Indian boundary line; at which time he considerably traversed that tract: he also assisted in surveying and laying it off into townships, and at other times ranged over it, to gain information. But to obtain a more complete and accurate knowledge, we have lately spent between two and three months, with several assistants, in particularly examining the different townships and quarter townships; by which means we have acquired an accurate knowledge of the whole district.—We now offer our services to the public, as Locaters, with assurances that we will locate every persons warrants intrusted to us to the best advantage, agreeably to their rights of location, which is to be determined according to law. For our services we demand the one equal tenth part, either in lands or warrants, when we locate a full tract, of four thousand acres or more, for one person or firm; the land to be taken in a square, at a corner of the tract; which corner is to be equitably determined before the time of location.—The one equal sixth part, in cash or warrants, when we connect and locate any amount less than four thousand acres. We will be in Philadelphia from December next, until after the time of location, to transact this business. Any person wishing to satisfy himself farther, will please to call on us, by letter, (postage paid) or otherwise; when due attention will be paid, and such vouchers may be seen as we have to offer, which we hope will be satisfactory.

MARTIN BAUM,
WILLIAM C. SCHENCK.

Philadelphia, Oct. 9, 1799. eow.

To the Holders of

MILITARY LAND WARRANTS.

THE Subscriber having lately returned from viewing the land, surveyed and appropriated to satisfy the land warrants, issued by the secretary at war, to the officers and soldiers of the late continental army; and having made arrangements with Mr. James Johnson, of Chester county, Pennsylvania, who he left on the land, and who with the assistance of an intelligent inhabitant of that county, will spend five months in exploring the different sections. He will take regular notes, descriptive of the soil, situation, and natural advantages attached to each section in the whole survey—which notes will be placed in the hands of the subscriber previous to the period for locating, thereby enabling him to make the most advantageous locations the priority will admit.

He offers his service to the holders of land warrants of the above description, throughout the United States, to receive their warrants, class them, (as no less quantity than 4000 acres will be registerd at the office of the treasury) have them registered agreeable to law, and attend to make the location at the the time appointed in February next.

For transacting the business, one tenth part of the land specified in the warrants will be required, and no other charge, except the postage of letters. All warrants forwarded and letters addressed to the subscriber, at No. 3, Penn-street, Philadelphia, will receive immediate attention.

JAMES E. SMITH.

Septemer 2 mwftf.

CATTLE.

About Sixty-Six Head for disposal.

☞ Enquire of MATTHIAS BORDLEY, at the Island in Wye River, Eastern Shore, Maryland; or in case of writing, direct to him at Easton, Talbot County, Maryland.

Wye, *Sept.* 2, 1799. §

WANTED A COOK.

A WHITE WOMAN to serve in the capacity of cook in a small family—None need apply who does not perfectly understand her business, and cannot produce an unexceptionable character. Apply to the printer.

october 18 dtf

FIFTY PIPES

TENERIFFE WINE,

Of an excellent quality,

JUST ARRIVED AND FOR SALE,

By JOHN MILLER, Jr.

Nov. 11. §

DONATION LANDS.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT Claims for Donation Lands granted by the State of Pennsylvania to the Officers and Soldiers of the Line belonging to the said State in the late war, will be received at the Office of Comptroller General of said State until the 1st September next inclusive, and that the subscribers authorised by law will sit as a Board at the said Office on every Monday from ten o'clock in the forenoon until one in the afternoon, to hear and determine all unsatisfied Claims already filed, as well as those which may be filed on or before the said first day of September next.

JOHN DONNALDSON, Comt'r
SAMUEL BRYAN, Regt'r.
PETER BAYNTON, Treas'r.

Department of Accounts of Pennsylvania, May 15, '99. }

(16) dtw (m.w.sa.tf)

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, Pursuant to the act of Congress passed on the 1st day of June, one thousand, seven hundred and ninety six, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military services, and for the society of United Brethren for propagating the gospel among the Heathen;" and the act supplementary to the said recited act passed on the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after described, namely, "beginning at the North West corner of the seven ranges of townships, and running thence fifty miles due south, along the western boundary of the said ranges;—thence due West to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the said river to the place where the Indian boundary line crosses the same;—thence along the said boundary line to the Tuscaroras branch of the Muskingum river at the crossing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the said river, to the point where a line run due west from the place of beginning, will intersect the said river; thence along the line so run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townships of five miles square, and fractional parts of townships; and that plats and surveys of the said townships and fractional parts of townships are deposited in the offices of the Register of the Treasury and Surveyor General, for the inspection of all persons concerned.

II.

The holders of such warrants as have been or shall be granted for military services performed during the late war, are required to present the same to the Register of the Treasury, at some time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thousand eight hundred, for the purpose of being registered; No registry will however be made of any less quantity than a quarter township, or four thousand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be presented and registered in manner aforesaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred, will immediately after the said day, be determined by lot, in the mode prescribed by the act first recited.

IV.

The holders of registered warrants, shall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location shall be determined by lot as aforesaid, personally, or by their agents, designate in writing at the office of the Register of the Treasury, the particular quarter townships elected by them respectively, and such of the said holders as shall not designate their locations on the said day, shall be postponed in locating such warrants to all other holders of registered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military services sufficient to cover one or more quarter townships or tracts of four thousand acres each; shall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the first day of January, 1802, be allowed to register the said warrants in manner aforesaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military services, which shall not be registered and located before the first day of January, 1802, are by the supplementary act of Congress herein before recited, passed on the second day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.
Sec. of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

May 29th, 1799.

THE proprietors of certificates issued for subscriptions to the Loan bearing interest at eight per centum per annum, are notified, that at any time after payment shall have been made of the 5th instalment, which will become due during the first ten days of the month of July ensuing, Certificates of Funded Stock may at their option be obtained at the Treasury or Loan Offices, respectively, for the amount of the four first instalments, or one moiety of the sums expressed in the subscription certificates:—No certificates of Funded Stock will however be issued for less than one hundred dollars.

Such subscription certificates as may be presented at the Treasury or Loan Offices in consequence of the foregoing arrangement, will be indorsed and distinctly marked so as to denote, that a moety of the stock has been issued.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Trenton, September 2, 1799.

ALL officers of the first regiment of Artillerists and Engineers, and of the first, second, third and fourth regiments of Infantry in the service of the United States, who are, from whatever cause, absent from their commands, are required with all possible expedition to report themselves by letter to Major General Alexander Hamilton. The officers thus called upon, will be held amenable for any avoidable delay in reporting themselves, and those who do not report in four months from the date of this notification, will be presumed to have resigned their commissions.

JAMES M'HENRY.

☞ The Printers in the several states, who published the proposals for the supply of rations during the year 1800, are requested to insert the above once a week in their papers, till the first of January next. 12awtJ.

The Owners and Consignees of

GOODS,

ON board the ship Charlotte, *John Justice*, Master, now lying at Summerl and Brown's Wharf, are requested to furnish their Permits as early as possible.

10th mo. 21st, 1799. drf.

ROSS & SIMSON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

3000 pieces 1st and 2d quality Russia Duck,
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal { COSSAS / HUMHUMS
1100 bushels St. Martins Salt.

april 11 §

NOTICE.

To the Creditors of Joseph Alexander,

LATE of Lewistown, in the county of Mifflin, and commonwealth of Pennsylvania; who was a partner of the firm of *Johnson & Alexander*, I have applied to the Judges of the court of Common pleas, in and for the county of Mifflin aforesaid, for the benefit of the laws of the said commonwealth, made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and they have appointed the second Tuesday of September next, for a hearing of me and my creditors at Lewistown, in said county, of which, please to take notice.

JOSEPH ALEXANDER.

august 23 §

TERMS

Of Richard Folwell, in Philadelphia,

FOR SUBSCRIBING TO THE

JOURNALS OF CONGRESS,

FROM THE COMMENCEMENT

Of the American War, in 1774, to the present time,

INCLUDING

The Reports of Heads of Departments, of Committees, and other Official and Private Papers of that Body, now first permitted to be made public.

TERMS.

THE work will be printed on a fine paper, and a new neat type, in large octavo.

Each volume will contain above 500 pages, neatly bound and lettered.

Uniformity in size, paper, and binding, will be observed throughout the work; so that, while the subscribers become possessed of a valuable record, an ornament may be added to their libraries.

The price to subscribers will be 2 dolls. 75 cts. per volume, in boards, and 3 dolls. whole bound, but, as the publisher does not intend to print manmore than the number subscribed for, a considerable rise on the price may be expected to non-subscribers.

Each volume will contain about one third less of letter-press than the original edition; but, as the publisher is not yet enabled to determine the extent of the Private Journals, which he may be allowed to make public, he cannot ascertain the number of volumes which will comprise the work.

☞ *Payments to be made on delivery of each volume.*

Subscribers will have it at their option, either to subscribe for the whole of the Journals, up to the present time, or to those only of the Old Congress prior to the organization of the Federal Government.

IN all countries, the proceedings in the commencement of their governments, are lost in darkness and obscurity, owing to a carelessness, in the succeeding generation, to preserve the public records, and the attention of the nation, in those rude ages, being called off from their domestic concerns, to engage in wars and conquest. Of what infinite value would the laws of Alfred be, had they been transmitted to our days? Time, that destroys every thing, enhances the value of well authenticated public records, and renders them almost inestimable. It is hoped, that Americans will, therefore, chearfully contribute their assistance in transmitting to posterity the labours of their ancestors—founders of the Columbian nation.

*** The work will certainly be advanced with expedition and promptitude. The following will show the support it has already acquired:

"*Philadelphia, June 15, 1798.*

"To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

"The MEMORIAL of the Subscribers, Citizens, &c. of Philadelphia,

"*Respectfully sheweth,*

"That having, in our respective avocations, frequent occasions to recur to the Journals of Congress, we experience inconvenience by the scarcity of them: That we understand that Richard Folwell, printer, of Philadelphia, has had it in contemplation to print that public record; and that he hath obtained partial countenance from many individuals; but that he has delayed prosecuting the work, in expectation of encouragement from government, that may adequately indemnify him. We, therefore, respectfully solicit, as the publication is necessary to be disseminated among public bodies, that Congress will, in their wisdom render him such additional encouragement, to that which he has obtained from private individuals, as to enable him to proceed with the work, so that your Memorialists may be enabled to purchase copies of that record for themselves.

Thomas M'Kean, John D. Coxe, Charles Heatly, Samsom Levy, T. Rose, Wm. Moore Smith, John Read jun. William Tilghman, John F. Mifflin, Joseph B. M'Kean, John Beckly, W. Sergeant, John Thompson, Jared Ingersoll, Jasper Moylan, William Rawle, J. Thomas, William Levis, James Gibson, M. Keppele, Moses Levy, Robert Porter, George Davis, John Hallowell, James Oldden, Walter Franklin, James Milnor, John C. Wells John L. Leib, Alexander I. Dallas, Joseph Reed, Thomas Willing, Samuel M Fox, John Nixon, Robert Waln Robert H. Dunkin, John Ewing, Jun Edward Pennington, Hilary Baker, William Nichols, William Young, Robert Campbell Septimus, Claypoole James Crukshank, Mathew Carey, Henry K. Helmuth, Peter De Haven, John Dunlap, Edward Shoemaker, John R. Smith, William Hall, David C. Claypoole, Thomas Armstrong, Samuel H. Smith, John Fenno.

"True copy from the original Memorial, presented to the House of Representatives of the United States, on Monday, the 18th of June 1798:

"WILLIAM LAMBERT, for
"JONATHAN W. CONDY, CLERK."

"RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives, be authorised and directed, to subscribe, on such terms as they may deem eligible, for the use of the Senate and House of Representatives, for four hundred Copies of the Journals of Congress, which are proposed to be published by Richard Folwell and such number of copies of deficient volumes of the sets now in print, as may be necessary to complete the same.

JONATHAN DAYTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAMES ROSS,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

Approved, March 2d, 1799.

JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

may 20. 12awtf

Three Cents Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber on the evening of the 28th inst. a bound Servant GIRL, named Elizabeth Howchel, had on and took with her three different changes of garment and money, proud, bold and impudent, a noted lyar; any person apprehending her shall be entitled to the above reward—no costs or charges will be paid.

N. B. She had 2 years and some months to serve

DANIEL FITZPATRICK.

Goshen Township, Chester County, July 29.

august 6 3awtf

The Swift-Sure,

A NEW LINE OF STAGES,

NOW RUNNING BETWEEN

PHILADELPHIA & NEW-YORK,

By the short and pleasant road of *Bustleton, Newtown, Scotch-Plains, Springfield and Newark.*

THE excellence of this road, the populousness of the country through which it passes, with sundry other advantages, which render it so far preferable to the Old Road through Bristol, Brunswick, &c. long ago suggested the propriety of its becoming the Grand Thorough-Fare from Philadelphia to New-York. During the present year, a minute survey of it has been taken, and its superiority over the Old Road, both in winter and summer, has been clearly ascertained.—There are good bridges over all the other waters but the Delaware, and here the crossing is performed with great safety and in less than half the time required at the Trenton Ferry. The road is *several miles shorter* than the old road, but this is amongst the least of its advantages, because daily experience proves to us, that dispatch as well as comfort in travelling principally depend on the goodness of the road and the levelness of the country, and, in these respects, the New Road is, beyond all comparison, the best. It presents none of those rocky hills, which render the Old Road so fatiguing between the Delaware and Newark. The soil, too, for the greater part, is such as to produce but little mud in winter, and very little dust in summer, which circumstance, added to the beauty of the country, and a considerable proportion of shade, must always render travelling in the latter season peculiarly agreeable.

The Swift Sure starts from PHILADELPHIA, at 6 o'clock every morning (Sundays excepted) from the *GREEN TREE*, opposite the Lutheran Church, North Fourth street. It goes through Frankford to Bustleton, where it stops to Breakfast; from Bustletown it goes through Newtown to Penny-town to dinner; from Penny-town through Hopewell, Millstone, Bound-brook, Quibbletown and Plainfield to Scotch Plains to lodge. The next morning it stops at Springfield to breakfast, from whence it goes through Newark and arrives at New-York at noon.

From NEW-YORK it starts at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (from Paulus Hook) and arrives at Philadelphia the next evening. For seats at New-York, application may be made to Edward Bardin, Old Coffee house, to A. Mathieu, corner of Nassau and John streets, to B. Many, no. 48, Courtlandt, corner of Greenwich street, and to Michael Little, at his hotel, no. 42, Broad street.

Fare for passengers, *Five Dollars.*
Way passengers 6 *Cents per Mile.*

Each passenger is allowed to take on 14lbs. of baggage carriage free; but all other baggage, taken on by a passenger, will be charged at 4 cents per pound weight.

With respect to packages sent on without passengers, the proprietors presume they have adopted a regulation, which, though unknown to other lines of stages, they think must meet with general approbation. They pledge themselves to make good every package on the following conditions. The person who delivers the package at the office shall see it entered in the stage-book, for which entry he shall pay 6 cents; he will then state the value of the package, and pay (exclusive of the carriage) one per cent. on the value, as insurance, and for which he will receive a receipt. Thus, for instance, if he estimates his package at one dollar, he will pay one cent. and if at one hundred dollars, he will pay one dollar insurance, and in like proportion for packages of any other value.

Very few persons it is presumed, will dislike this regulation; it will however, be optionable with every one to avail himself of this security or not. But the proprietors think it right to state very explicitly, that they will be responsible for the safe delivery of no package, which is not regularly entered, and for which an insurance receipt cannot be produced.

In the distribution of the route, the greatest care has bren taken to fix on such places and taverns as always afford a good accommodation and entertainment for the passengers at the most reasonable rates. The stages are well equipped furnished with fleet and steady horses, and committed to the care of intelligent sober and obliging drivers. The proprietors themselves live at the different towns and villages where the stages will stop, so that the conduct of the persons they employ is continually an object of their attention.—They take care also to see that the passengers are well provided for and politely treated at the taverns, and that no sort of chicanery or insolence is practised upon them; in short, they have spared neither pains nor expence to render the SWIFT-SURE the very best line of stages in America.

The line has now run nearly a month, during which time a great number of gentlemen have gone through, both from Philadelphia and New-York. Every passenger has found the road to surpass very far all that has been said of its excellence; and the Proprietors of the Swift Sure are extremely happy to hear the behaviou of their drivers, and the treatment at Taverns spoken of with the highest satisfaction.

JOHN M'CALLA, Philadelphia
THOS. PAUL, Bustleton
JOSEPH THORNTON,
NICHOLAS WYNKOOP, } *Newtown.*
JACOB KESLER,
JOHN MOREHEAD, Pennytown.
T. KILLMAN, near Millstone.
ELIAS COMBES, Bound Brook.
R. SANSBURY, Scotch Plains.
ISAAC RAWLE,
ROBERT PEARSON, } *Springfield.*

eodtf.

June 22.

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO.*